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U.S. Won't Shift Cuban Policies, Guevara Says

By Bernard D. Nossiter The Washington Post Foreign Service

said he is glad that Sen. J. W. Fulbright "recognizes" that the Castro regime is "here to

The Cuban Minister of Industry said at a news conference that this was the "most important" feature of the Ar- to gibe at the United States. kansas Democrat's foreign policy speech last week. However, Guevara made clear that he doubted it would have much immediate effect on U.S.-Cuban relations.

He reminded newsmen that Secretary of State Dean Rusk had rejected Fulbright's approach the next day. Both, he said, are important personages, but "we have to be objective 3 Goals Seen in our analysis.'

To underscore this point, the chief of the Cuban economy indicated his doubts that the United States would accept Premier Castro's offer to open discussions.

Low-Key Performance

The United States, Guevara said, attaches a "strange and difficult condition" to any he is working at three goals: talks, "the non-existence of] the present regime." He added ropeans on more trade. that Washington in effect 2. Fostering Latin

GENEVA, March 31—Er-the large conference rooms at nesto "Che" Guevara today the Palais des Nations here. On the whole, it was a low-key! performance compared with some of his past sessions with the press. His answers generally were restrained and he avoided obvious opportunities

> This may have been due in part of Guevara's recognition that his tub-thumping speech last week to the United Nations Trade Conference fell flat. He even joked about this himself, saying in explanation of his lack of an opening statement: "I've already spoken more than enough in the g plenary."

lation over why Guevara is staates on a more relaxed said only that Russia has remaining at the trade confer- footing. ence. Typically, ministers have Guevan, said he was work-given their speeches and then ing on ending the "blockade" departed, leaving their dele-but declined to give details on equipment." gations in the hands of No. 2 the grounds that "indiscret men. Guevara spoke last cars were listening. men. Guevara spoke Wednesday but stays on in Geneva.

The prevailing belief is that

1. Sounding out West Eu-

tions for 80 minutes in one of struggle to end the North In other areas, Guevara pound.

with the island.

it frad once hurt the Cuban conomy but now it "is just to use them if the moment comes." portance."

American embargo on trade ducked a question about So-Goals Seen

3. Seeking to put Cuba's Viet troop strength and troop
There is considerable spaceural relations with other Latin withdrawals from Cuba. He some "technicians" island, teaching Cubans how to use "marvelous military

Guevara said, "we don't As for the embargo, he said ons), but we won't hesitate

Guevara said he wasn't worthat Washington in effect 2. Fostering Latin Amerwants talks "without our beican nations' disenchantment causing more trouble for the
with the cool U.S. approach United States because it had
has agreed, he said, to buy
the present regime. The added to the present the pressing world prices. Russial
has agreed, he said, to buy
the present regime. The added the present that the present the pressing world prices. Russial
has agreed, he said, to buy ried that the current high price of sugar would induce Statement and answered quest that they will support Cuba's Western Allies.

Cuevara had no prepared toward their trade plans so created disputes among the 5 million tons a year from Cuba until 1970 at 6 cents a Cuba until 1970 at 6 cents a

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